THE FRIEND OF CHINA
AND HONGKONG GAZETTE.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

VOL. VII. No. 83. VICTORIA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14TH, 1848. *PRICE $12 per annum.*

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION to the FRIEND OF CHINA AND HONGKONG GAZETTE, *per Annum*, 12 Dollars. *Six Months*, 7 Dollars. *Three Months*, 5 Dollars; all paid in advance. Credit Prices, 14 Dollars, 8½ Dollars, and 5 Dollars, for the periods of Twelve, Six, and Three Months respectively: Single Numbers, to Subscribers 25 cents each; to Non-Subscribers, 1 Rupee. Parties calling or sending to the Office for papers are requested to *pay cash.*

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.—Ten lines and under, 1 Dollar; additional, 10 cents ℔ line. Repetitions one-third of the first insertion. Ships.—First insertion, 2 Dollars; subsequent insertions 48 cents. Advertisements to have written on the face of them, the number of times they are required to appear, otherwise they will be published until countermanded. In all instances, those who are not Subscribers, require to pay in advance.

FOR

ENGLAND, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, BOMBAY

Also, *en route* to the above,

SINGAPORE, PENANG, GALLE—MALTA, SUEZ, ADEN —COLOMBO, COCHIN, CALICUT, CANNANORE, MANGALORE, GOA, VINGORLA.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY'S Steam Ship BRAGANZA, will leave this for the above places on Monday the 30th of October.

CARGO will be received on board until Noon, and SPECIE until 4 P. M., of Saturday the 28th.

For further particulars regarding FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply at the P. & O. S. N. Company's Office, Hongkong.

J. A. OLDING, Agent.

Hongkong, 28th September, 1848.

NOTICE.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s STEAMERS, will in future proceed through to BOMBAY, and be prepared to receive CARGO and PASSENGERS for that place as heretofore.

J. A. OLDING, *Agent.*

P. & O. Co.'s Office,
Hongkong, 15th September, 1848.

NOTICE.

THE P. & O. S. N. COMPANY'S, will from this date undertake the conveyence of Specie from China, and the Straits, to Southampton, under the conditions specified in their customary Bill of Lading, at 3 per cent for Gold and Silver Bullion.

J. A. OLDING,—*Agent.*

P. & O. S. N. Company's Office
Victoria, 13th September, 1848.

NOTICE.

THE rates of freight on Treasure to the Straits and India per P. & O. COMPANY'S Steamers will in future be the same for Gold as Silver.

Victoria, Sept. 15th, 1848.

FOR LONDON.

TO SAIL ABOUT THE END OF OCTOBER.

THE fast-sailing Teak built Ship LARKINS, 700 Tons, CHARLES GORDON, Commander, has superior accommodations for Passengers, and carries a Surgeon. Apply to,

Messrs DENT & Co.

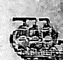
Hongkong, 4th September, 1848.

THE A 1 Bark CONSTANT, will be despatched for LONDON in about 10 days, and has room for a few Tons of light Freight. Apply to,

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

4th October, 1848.

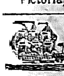
FOR LONDON.



THE Ship QUEEN OF ENGLAND, Captain CAWKITT, has excellent accommodations for Passengers, and will sail for the above Port in all this Month. For passage apply to,

Captain CAWKITT.
on board at Whampoa,
or to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co

Victoria, 9th October, 1848.



WANTED to borrow on Bottomry on Ship "HINDOSTAN," of London, about Twelve Thousand Dollars. Apply to,

Messrs DIROM, GRAY & Co.—Canton.
or to,
Messrs FLETCHER & Co.—Hongkong.

Hongkong, 9th October, 1848.

FOR SALE.

THE fast sailing Clipper Ship MAZEPPA, 164 Tons Register, built in New South Wales in 1846, well found in all necessary Stores, and can be sent to sea immediately. Apply to,

Messrs BLENKIN, RAWSON & Co.

Hongkong, 3rd October, 1848.

TO LET.

A HOUSE on the North side of *Gough Street.*

Apply to,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Hongkong, 12th September, 1848.

TO LET.

SPACIOUS Godowns and dwelling house, built of Granite and lately occupied by Messrs THOS. RIPLEY & Co. The property is situated near the centre of the Town, (Victoria, Hongkong) and has a water frontage. Apply on the Premises, to,

SYME, MUIR & Co.
or to THOMAS RIPLEY & Co.,
Shanghai.

TO LET.

COMMODIOUS and secure GODOWNS in a central part of the town. Apply at this Office.

Office "Friend of China,"
Victoria, 4th August, 1848.

FOR SALE.

A BUILDING Allotment on the Queen's Road. Apply at this office.

Office "Friend of China,"
26th May, 1848.

AMICABLE INSURANCE OFFICE OF CALCUTTA.

THE Undersigned are authorised to grant POLICIES for the above named Office, payable in CANTON, SINGAPORE, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, and LONDON.

SYME, MUIR & Co.

Hongkong, 15th July, 1848.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS of the WESTERN INDIA INSURANCE SOCIETY, are prepared to grant POLICIES, payable in London, Liverpool, Calcutta, Bombay, and China.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

Canton, 24th August, 1848.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership heretofore existing at Hongkong between JAMES WHITE and RICHARD OSWALD under the style of RICHARD OSWALD & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent, and the interest and responsibility of the said RICHARD OSWALD in the firm of JAMES WHITE & Co. of this place ceased on the 30th of June last.

JAMES WHITE.

Shanghai, 9th Sept., 1848.

NOTICE.

MR. MARTIN WILHELMY, is authorised to Sign our FIRM by Procuration.

BOUSTEAD & Co.

Canton, 20th May, 1848.

NOTICE.

THE Firm of HEGAN & Co. China, was dissolved from the 30th of June last.

Outstanding accounts will be setled by,

AUGT. CARTER.

Hongkong 1st July, 1848.

NOTICE.

THE Business hitherto conducted in China under the Firm of VANDERBURG ROMSWINCKEL & Co. is this day dissolved.

Messrs REYNVAAN & Co. are authorized to sign for the liquidation.

Canton, 1st February, 1848.

NOTICE.

HAVING Associated ourselves with Mr S. B. RAWLE, of the late Firm of RAWLE, DUUS & Co., our Business will be conducted in future under the Name of RAWLE, DRINKER & Co.

DRINKRR & Co.

Hongkong, 1st October, 1848.

FOR SALE.

ALLSOPPS' PALE ALE, in *Cask.* Apply to,

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Hongkong, 29th September, 1848.

FOR SALE.

BANCA TIN. Apply to,

OLYPHANT & Co.,
Canton.

14th August, 1847.

FOR SALE.

ENGLISH (Navy) and Scotch CANVAS assorted, No's. 1 a 7. Apply to,

W. SCOTT & Co.

Hongkong, 29th September, 1848.

FOR SALE.

PALE ALE in Wood and Bottle. Also CORKS. Apply to,

W. SCOTT & Co.

Honghong, 29th September, 1848.

JUST RECEIVED.

AN assortment of Ladies White and Colored Muslin dresses.

HOLMES & BIAGHM.

Victoria, 23th August, 1848.

HOLMES & BIGHAM have received by late arrivals, a complete assortment of Clothing suitable for the approaching cold season. Superfine Black and Blue Cloth; Scotch Tweeds of every variety of pattern; Waistcoatings; Black and White fine Merinoes; Flannel; Merino and Lambswool singlets and drawers, Socks and Stockings, &c., &c.

ALSO,

Shot Nos. 1 to 10; Pigou & Wilk's finest Gunpowder, and Percussion Capes.

Victoria, 27th September, 1848.

* SHIP CHANDLERS STORES.

And supplies of every description required for Ships use, on sale by the undersigned.

SAILS Made and Repaired.

JUST RECEIVED.

A large Assortment of Canvas, Bleached and Unbleached.

ALSO.

Real Edinburgh Ale, East India Pale Ale, &c. &c.

Good dry STORAGE with water frontage.

CHARLES BUCKTON,
Shipping and Commission Agent,

Queen's Road, Victoria, 25th [illegible], 1848.

NOTICE.

THE FIRMS of RAWLE, DUUS & Co. Hongkong, and of DUUS, RAWLE & Co. Shanghai, are this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims, against either firm, will please send their accounts for adjustment, and those indebted to the firms, will please make payment, to the undersigned,

S. B. RAWLE.
N. DUUS.

Victoria, Hongkong, 1st October, 1848.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned begs to intimate that he will continue to carry on a GENERAL AGENCY, and COMMISSION BUSINESS, on the same premises as formerly; under the FIRM of N. DUUS & Co.

N. DUUS.

Victoria, Hongkong, 1st October, 1848.

NOTICE.

N. DUUS & Co., will receive goods on Storage in their godowns, at a moderate rent.

ALSO,

Receive and forward Goods, or Parcels to any part of Europe, India, or to the East Coast of China.

Victoria, Hongkong, 1st October, 1848.

NOTICE.

THE LORCHAS formerly run by RAWLE, DUUS & Co., will for the present be continued by,

S. B. RAWLE.
N. DUUS

Victoria, Hongkong, 1st October, 1848.

FOR SALE.

CHAMPAGNE, Hock, Claret, Sherry, Port, and all Superior wines—in one and three dozen Cases; a few one dozen Cases of old Cognac, Whisky and old Tom; English bottled Beer and Stout by Marzetti; and Beer, Brandy and Arrack, in Wood.

S. B. RAWLE.
N. DUUS

Victoria, Hongkong, 1st October, 1848.

FOR SALE.

MR. R. RUTHERFURD has received per late arrivals:—

WINTER CLOTHING consisting of Tweeds, Trowserings, and Vestings.
Merino and Lamb's Wool Singlets and Drawers.
Cotton and Woollen Socks and Stockings.
Blankets and Neckerchiefs.
Gentlemen's Plaids, &c.
Dress Silk and Buckskin Gloves.
Perfumery, &c. &c.
Stationery of every description.
Scotch Whiskey, Wines, Brandy, Beer, Stores, &c.

EXPECTED PER "FAVOURITE."

Black and Blue Cloths of Superior quality.

Queen's Road, 10th October, 1848.

FOR SALE.

A SUPERIOR ORGAN, of great power and sweetness of tone. *In Handsome Rosewood case* constructed by Messrs Wood & Co., plays upwards of forty favorite airs. Apply to,

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK.
No. 1 D'Aguilar Street.

Victoria, 10th October, 1848.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the Merchants and Ship Masters in China, that he continues to furnish American Spars from 75 feet long, 23 inches at the deck, and any size under, at the same rates as those charged during the last twelve months.

ALSO,

Iron work made of refined Iron and warranted Rigging Chain of all sizes.
Iron Sheaves do. do.
Lignumvitae Sheave and Blocks of sizes, made to order.
Mast Loops, Jib-hanks Lead, Oars, Pitch, Tar, &c., &c.

GEORGE FRAZAR.

Hongkong, 15th September, 1848.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET.

A DWELLING HOUSE situated on the Queen's Road, east of the Bridge near the Murray Barracks. Contains a large Dining room and Office on the ground floor, with a sitting room and three bed rooms above. Outhouses and Stables detached. Possession can be given on the 1st December. Apply to,

N. DUUS & Co.

13th October, 1848.

TO LET.

NEAR the Murray Barracks, a HOUSE containing four Apartments. Apply to,

N. DUUS & Co.

13th October, 1848.

NOTICE.

TO be sold [illegible] the LORCHA MARY [illegible]

13th October, 1848.

HONGKONG AND CANTON STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of Messrs DENT & Co., Canton, on *Wednesday* the 18th instant, at noon, to elect Directors of the Company and to receive the Report of the Provisional Committee.

NOTICE.

THE Business hitherto conducted in Shanghai by SAMUEL HYMAN COHEN, under the firm of GABRIEL & COHEN, as General Store Keepers, and Commission Agents, is this day dissolved by expiration of agreement. All parties indebted to them are Requested to pay Mr JOHN MILLER, and those having any claims, will forward them without delay to him.

MICHAEL GABRIEL.
SAMUEL HYMAN COHEN.

Shanghai, September 28th, 1848.

Signed in my presence at the Office of H. B. M. Consulate at Shanghai the day and date above-mentioned

RUTHERFORD ALCOCK,
Consul.

With reference to the above notice the undersigned begs to intimate that he will continue to carry on the Business of a Store Keeper and Commission Agent on his own account at this Port

SAMUEL HYMAN COHEN.

Shanghai, September 28th, 1848.

FILTERS.

FOR SALE, Sotherans Patent Water FILTERS, large and medium sizes.

ROB: RUTHERFURD.

Queen's Road,
11th Oct. 1848.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

HENRY MARTIN begs leave to inform his friends and the Public that he has opened the above Establishment situated in the Queen's Road (opposite the *Hongkong Dispensary*) and trusts he will meet with that share of Patronage he has hitherto enjoyed. He has spared no expense in fitting up the HOTEL replete with every comfort and the best of attendance. Due attention has also been paid in making a scale of charges on economical principles.

*** Billiards, and American Bowling Alleys.

October 1848.

PRIME BEEF.

THE Undersigned has a quantity of first rate Beef for sale.

ALSO,

A small shipment of Mess Pork, which can be strongly recommended.

J. INESS.

Queen's Road, 13th October, 1848.

MRS. INESS has just opened a small assortment of Prints, Walking and Evening Dresses.

ALSO,

Book Muslins.
Brown Hollands.
Needles.
Tapes.
Sewing Cotton and Needles.
Childrens Coloured Silk Gloves, &c., &c.,

Queen's Road, 13th October, 1848.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

VICE-ADMIRALTY COURT OF HONGKONG.

SMARDEN v. THE "ROYAL EXCHANGE."

MR DUDDELL is instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION on Thursday next the 19th instant at noon in the Harbor near the Minden, that well built coppered and fastened Brig the ROYAL EXCHANGE; together with her Rigging, Sails, Spars, Anchors, Chains, &c. &c. &c. As she lays on the day of Sale.

ALSO

Two good Boats and a quantity of Kentledge. The "Royal Exchange" is 131 [illegible] Tons Burthen was built at Ayr in North Britain in the year 1838.

Terms made known at Sale.

Victoria, 13th October, 1848.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

W. H. FRANKLYN has received instructions to sell on Tuesday next the 17th instant at 11th a. m. at the Sale Rooms Queen's Road, a full assorted invoice of Oilman Stores, from the well known House of [illegible]. These Stores are in first rate order; [illegible] and only sold to close [illegible] Pickles, Sauces, [illegible] Fancy [illegible]

[illegible]

LATEST DATES.

England	July 24	Sydney	July 25
United States	July	Batavia	August 28
Calcutta	August 20	Singapore	Sept. 12
Bombay	August 19	Manila	Sept. 7
Madras	August 13	Shanghai	Sept. 20

THE FRIEND OF CHINA
AND HONGKONG GAZETTE.

VICTORIA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14TH, 1848.

NOTICE.—Divine Service will for the present be conducted in the building adjoining the Post-Office and opposite to the Oak House,—on Sundays at 11 A. M. and ½ past 4 P. M.; and on *Thursdays* at 7 P. M.

VINCENT STANTON,
Colonial Chaplain.

Victoria, 9th October, 1848.

NOTICE.—PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. This congregation, conducted for the present by the Rev. W. C. BURNS, will meet every SABBATH, in the Bungalow immediately behind the CHINA HOUSE.

The hours of *Divine Service* will be 11 a. m., and ½ past 6 P. M.

Victoria, 27th December, 1847.

The *Antelope* (arrived from Shanghai yesterday afternoon) was thrown on her beam ends in a severe northerly gale off the Pescadores on the 6th instant: on the 7th had to cut away the masts to save the ship from foundering.

The *Maseppa* put back with loss of spars and other damage.

THE Governor of Macao has taken possession of the barrier wall which for centuries has crossed the isthmus connecting the point upon which the city is built with the Island, and forming a boundary which no European was permitted to pass. His Excellency wrote the Chinese Authorities requesting that the gateway be widened in order that carriages could pass into the country in terms of the treaty of Nankin. Of this application no notice was taken, and after waiting a reasonable time, Senor Amaral quietly took possession, the Chinese guard having been for some time withdrawn.

MR. DAVIS, the United States Commissioner, had an interview with Seu, the Chinese Commissioner, on the 6th instant. The place of meeting was Howqua's house near the Canton factories. Previous to the meeting Seu withdrew his offensive letter to Mr Davis, written in consequence of the latter Gentleman's having been unable to keep a former appointment.

THE public is favoured with Government Notification intimating that Consuls have received instructions "to apprehend and keep in safe and proper custody" any British Subjects who have "unlawfully fired into, or otherwise made "any piratical aggression upon any vessel or "vessels belonging to any state in amity with "Great Britain." To the Notification, it will be observed, an extract from the regulations of the naval service is appended.

Vessels engaged in granting convoy do not require a commission from Prince or Potentate; vessels acting as Privateers, without a commission, are liable to seizure in accordance with the navigation laws. In protecting the Ningpo traders and fishers from pirates, the *Spec* did not encroach upon the navigation laws as they now exist. In capturing a piratical Junk, however Captain Cole did more than strictly speaking he was entitled to do. The action though praiseworthy in itself, was illegal; but that he committed an act of piracy, or that the Junk he captured was other than a pirate, no reasonable and dispassionate person will believe.

His Excellency has made reference to Her Majesty's Government on the subject. It is not probable that the Imperial parliament will pass a special act for the regulation of vessels engaged in the convoy trade on the coast of China, though orders may be sent out for the establishing of suitable regulations by the Hongkong Legislative Council. An impression prevails that the local Executive would willingly "burke" the whole trade, and leave the Chinese Junks to the tender mercies of the Foken pirates; it may be so—five years residence in Hongkong enlarges the bump of belief in a wonderful degree:—

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

With reference to a Notification issued on the 29th May last, His Excellency Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary and Chief Superintendent of British Trade, &c. &c., *is* pleased to direct that the annexed Section (No. 4) of Chapter viii of Regulations established by Her Majesty for the Government of Her Majesty's Naval Service, be published for general information; and further to notify to all whom it may concern, that the Consuls at the respective Ports have His Excellency's positive directions, pending a reference to Her Majesty's Government on the subject, to apprehend and keep in safe and proper custody, until His orders be received for their further disposal, any British Subjects whom the said Consuls, after taking the necessary depositions to substantiate the fact, may be satisfied have unlawfully fired into, or otherwise made any piratical aggression upon, any vessel or vessels belonging to any state in amity with Great Britain:—

"SECTION 4, CHAPTER VIII.—If any Ship or Vessel shall "be taken acting as a Ship of War or Privateer, without "having a Commission duly authorizing her to do so, her "crew shall be considered as Pirates, and shall be dealt "with accordingly.

By Order,
W. CAINE, *Colonial Secretary*,
&c. &c. &c.
In the absence of Mr Johnston.

Victoria, Hongkong, 10th October, 1848.

TO-DAY Mr Charles Markwick puts up to public competition "seven unclaimed and forfeited Boats" "by order of Charles May, Esq., Superintendent of police," viz:—

1 Small fast Boat,
1 Cargo Boat,
1 Do. Do.
1 Fishing Boat,
1 Do. Do.
1 Small fishing Boat,
1 Sampan.

On the 26th of last February Mr Markwick sold seven Boats on the same authority.

In less than ten months no fewer than fourteen Chinese boats have been confiscated and sold to benefit the revenue. The question naturally suggests itself, by what law, or by whose authority have these vessels been condemned, and what offences did the Owners commit that warrant such severe inflictions? If they have been confiscated by the Chief Magistrate, we hesitate not to assert that the act is illegal, as any crime involving the absolute ruin of the owners could only be adjudged by the Supreme Court. If by order of the Government, it is doubly illegal, as the Executive has no Judicial power whatever. This doctrine may be a heresy is the eyes of the representatives of the Crown; but it is in strict accordance with the constitutional laws of England, which in all crown colonies exist in their full integrity, and cannot be set aside by the arbitrary dictum of any man.

It is true that in Hongkong it has been common for the Executive to treat such matters with great indifference, acting as if they held the delegated powers of absolute despotism, and not as the representatives of a constitutional monarchy. Equally true is it that the inhabitants have bowed to the yoke, and that from a lack of public spirit, or one or two influential men to take a lead in public matters, the British community has truckled to encroachments which would have been resented by the free populace of any penal settlement. The right of petition to the Imperial Legislature is virtually a dead letter; and our memorials to the Colonial Office have been stigmatised as petty and puerile complaints, betraying a selfish feeling, and not firm but respectful demands that we be allowed to participate in the privileges granted to other Colonists, who with all the struggles and hardship of colonial settlers, retain a feeling of independence and a determination at any sacrifice to maintain the privileges which every British subject is entitled to claim. It is said by some, that commerce is a debasing pursuit; but this assertion is disproved by the high character of the mercantile world; and with greater truth could it be asserted, that as England is supported by the energy and the wealth of her traders, at the same time there is no class of her Subjects who place a higher value upon her free institutions.

In Hongkong the influence of the resident Merchants is paramount. Without their approbation and active concurrence a demostration of feeling by petition or otherwise would be unavailing. The apathy exhibited by this class it may be difficult to explain. Some, no doubt, are engrossed in their mercantile pursuits, and have neither time nor inclination to give attention to public matters. Many have lived so long in China, and came so young, that they forget there are public duties incumbent upon every member of society in a free country. Others, it may be, are desirous of standing well with the government, and so long as individually and personally they have not cause of complaint, they have no fault to find with the local oligarchy. These, however, are the exceptions; the elements of independence and public spirit are not wanting, and will exhibit themselves whenever a suitable person steps forward,—not as the leader of a cabal—not as a querulous oppositionist to discipline and order without which a government cannot exist,—but simply with the desire of securing to the inhabitants the constitutional rights of which they have been deprived, and which it doth not appear that there is the slightest intention of restoring.

To return to the forfeited boats. It is quite possible that their owners have broken the laws; if so, they ought to be punished when their guilt is proved before a competent tribunal. Three of them are fishing boats; the fisheries were farmed for sixteen shilling and four pence per annum, and more unjust things have been done in Hongkong, than the confiscation of three valuable boats for an encronchment upon the monopoly. When it is considered that in 1847 "fees, fines and forfeitures" aggregated £2,697, suspicions are raised as to whether this large sum was not obtained in a manner alike unjustifiable and impolitic. It is a daily complaint that native boats do not come here to trade, nor can it be wondered at, if they or seized upon frivolous pretences and declared forfeit. When the crew of a Chinese boat abandon her upon seizure, it does not by any means infer guilt; in the majority of instances this would be done though they had not committed any offence. It is well known that the Chinese have a very humble opinion of European justice; acts of tyranny committed by the Magistrates have been exaggerated; perplexing ordinances have alarmed them; while the registration has led to extortions on the part of the police, and a wholesale infliction of the lash when no great offence had been committed. Amongst the boat population there is a positive dread of Hongkong and the police court; they hear of strangers being taken up and scourged merely because they have not gone to the registration office for a ticket; and they are often reluctant to apply for such certificates as their visits to the colony are not always sanctioned by the Mandarins, who very probably receive intimation from the Chinese in the Registrar's office when strange boatmen apply to be registered.

A thorough reformation is called for in the police court; for although the confiscation of so many native boats may in itself excite suspicion that the law is stretched considerably, still upon this alone we do not risk the assertion that, public interest and justice demand that the important duties of the police judicature be not solely intrusted to one inexperienced paid Magistrate, who must in some degree be under the control of his superiors in office.

We need not refer to the numerous instances in which partiality and submisson to the will of the Executive have been openly displayed; they will occur to every one who has given a little attention to colonial affairs for the last five or six years, and many gross cases in which justice was perverted are chronicled in the local papers. A very recent occurrence will shew that even now impartial justice is not meted out as it ought to be without respect to persons.

On the evening of Friday two weeks ago, Lieutenant J. N. Sargent and another officer of H. M. 95th regiment entered a Chinese house in the west end of the town and treated the females with incivility. This was resented by the householder and an affray ensued, during which Mr Sargent drew a sword from his walking stick and stabbed the man twice in the arm. On hearing of this Mr Inspector Clifton of the police sent two European Constables to arrest the military Gentlemen; but this was not done, either through fear, or from a disinclination to lay hands on commissioned officers many of the police being old soldiers. One of the Constables, however, identified Mr Sargent. On Saturday forenoon the wounded man made his complaint to the Chief Magistrate, and a *summons* was issued calling upon Mr Sargent to appear and answer the charge on Monday. After some difficulty the summons was served on Sunday. On Monday neither the complainant nor the accused appeared in court and the case was dismissed, it being understood that the matter had been compromised by paying the Chinaman fifteen dollars.

We leave Mr Sargent in the hands of his military superiors, whose duty it is to conserve the respectability of the service. Mr Hillier's conduct requires some observation. We need scarcely say that a felony was committed, the punishment for which is transportation; and such would probably have been the award had the crime been substantiated in the Supreme Court. Under the circumstance, the Magistrate was bound to issue a *warrant* for the apprehension of the criminal; and no compromise should have been allowed. It is true that in cases of a common assault, it sometimes happens that Magistrates recommend the parties to arrange their difficulties amicably, but stabbing is felony, and felony admits of no compromise whatever.

The evil consequences of this laxity are evident. The Chinese conviction that British justice is a purchasable commodity will be materially strengthened, and it may require some severe examples, when the offenders are civilians, to remove or weaken the impression.

There are few evils without a remedy and in the present instance the cure is palpable. A bench of civil Magistrates will be a sufficient check and the only check, upon the paid Magistrate, who is unfortunately too much under the influence of his Superiors, and who does not possess the legal attainments, and firmness of disposition, which are required in a Chief Magistrate. Some years ago a commission was received authorising the Governor to appoint a certain number of Justices of the peace. This was evaded, as far as possible, by the selection of Gentlemen either about to embark for England, or who would not, or could not give a share of their attention to their magisterial duties. A large portion of the Justices were officials, disqualified for the bench by their appointments. The list now embraces six names; three heads of departments in the government; two merchants in the colony, and one who has been in England for about two years. None of these Gentlemen ever look near the court, or in any way act as Justices. We except one instance, when the trumpery prosecution of Mr Tarrant was commenced. On that occasion two of the three *official* Justices were on the Bench, the third was the prosecutor!

The commission requires to be purged of officials, and at least twelve civilians appointed; men who will act, and who appreciate the responsibility of the duties they are called upon to perform. It may be objected, that it would be difficult to get twelve qualified persons willing to attend the court one forenoon in two weeks. But this objection is groundless. If the representatives of wealthy firms shirk the office when encumbered with actual work, there are in the community men of equal good repute, equally well qualified, and willing to render a service which is incumbent on every member of society. The necessity for some such change is obvious, for even were the paid Magistrate better qualified than he is, it is dangerous to intrust to a hired servant the entire control of the inferior court. We are not aware that a single precedent can be brought forward for such an incongruity as placing the rights and liberties of the Subjects at the mercy of the Executive, or a person holding office under it. Lord Coke's remark "that the whole Christian world hath not the like offices as justices of peace, *if duly executed*" comes home with peculiar force to this community.

LOUIS PHILIPPE'S CORRESPONDENCE.

(*From the Bombay Times.*)

The *Revue Rétrospective* has added to the documents which it has already published the following additional correspondences:—

"*To His Majesty the King of the French.*

"Buckingham Palace, May 25, 1846.

"SIRE,—I hasten to have the honour to inform your majesty that Victoria brought a princess into the world this afternoon at three o'clock. Victoria and the little one are going on favourably. The proofs of interest and friendship which your majesty and the queen have so constantly evinced towards us are sure guarantees to me that your majesty will participate in those feelings of satisfaction which this event has caused us. In notifying this event to your majesty, I seize this happy occasion to renew to you the expression of those sentiments of high esteem and invariable attachment with which I have the honour to be, sire, your majesty's devoted good brother and cousin. "ALBERT."

"*To His Royal Highness the Prince Albert.*

"Neuilly, Wednesday, May 27, 1846.

"My dear brother and cousin,—I have this instant received your letter of the day before yesterday's date, and hasten to offer you my sincere congratulations, those of the queen, my sister, and all my family, absent or present, on the auspicious confinement of the queen, your august consort, for whom we all entertain the most sincere and profound sentiments. It gives me great pleasure to learn that the queen and your dear child are as well as circumstances will admit of; and I cannot sufficiently thank you for the kindness and promptitude which you have evinced in informing me of an event which I awaited with so much anxiety. It is a proof of your friendship for me, which is so dear to me; and with my whole heart I renew to you the assurance that I am your royal highness's good brother and very affectionate cousin.

"LOUIS PHILIPPE."

"*To Her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain.*

"Madam and very dear sister,—I know not how to excuse myself for having so long delayed replying to your majesty's excellent letter, which so deeply touched me, and which I hoped each succeeding day to answer; and yet, every day, and, I may add, every night, I find myself compelled to rise from my dull desk without having been able to accomplish my desire.

"I have seen with pleasure the charming work which M. Grun has brought me, in the pretty pavillion which your majesty has so admirably arranged in the garden of Buckingham Palace. I should much like to see it, and all the kind and amiable things which your majesty has said respecting my projected voyage. All that you have been so good as to say to the queen redoubles my desire to undertake this voyage, in order that it may be possible for me to present you my affectionate homage, as I had the happiness of doing two years past. But, despite my ardent desire, I cannot now say what I may be able to do in the month of October, and I must wait until the last moment before I can decide.

"I shall go to Eu in about twelve days, but shall be compelled to return as soon as the elections are over, as I must open the chambers in person, and this circumstance leads me to fear that, even if your majesty should then at Osborne, it would be

difficult for me to escape and surprise you some fine morning at your breakfast, and then to return before they could be aware of my flight until I came back myself. But I shall make so short a stay at Eu that I can scarce venture to hope to be able to do this, especially as I cannot count upon the caprices of *Channel weateer* (*sic* in orig.,) which, however, served us so well at your majesty's last visit to me at Eu.

"I can fully understand what your majesty must have suffered during the ministerial crisis, and can participate in the regret which your must felt in parting with a ministry so well deserving of your confidence; and especially with Sir R. Peel, and with that excellent Lord Aberdeen, towards whom, for my part, I have vowed a sincere affection. The assurances which you are so good as to renew to me, that our precious good understanding, which has been so happily cultivated and fortified by Sir Robert Peel's administration, shall not be compromised by his successors, have caused me the most lively satisfaction, and I may say that I have boundless confidence in your good and powerful efforts to perpetuate to our two countries the continuation of that great blessing (sic in orig.) You know that you may also rely upon mine, which will never ceases; and which will be well supported by my present ministers, whose continuance in office appears certain.

"I can at length announce to your majesty the departure of the portrait, painted on porcelain by Madame Desclosseaux, after Winterhalter. In order to preserve it from the jolting of land carriage it will be forwarded by sea.

"*To Her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain.*

"Aux Tuileries, Jan. 29th, 1846.

"Madame, my very good and very dear sister,—In thanking your majesty for your renewed expression on our precious, and at last (I may safely affirmly) established, entente cordiale, I request your permission to reply to the letter which your amiable daughter has been so good as to send me. I cannot tell you how sensible I am of this *souvenir*, and what happiness it has caused me to find that your dear children have not forgotten the old faithful friend of their august parents. But this is not all. I have a still greater favour to ask at your hands, which is this that you will take my little Parisienne under your protection, and permit that she be placed in the service of your dear and amiable child. I trust that she will arrive at the same time, or shortly after this letter. Her departure has been delayed, as the arrangements made by Madame Baraine* for her toilette were not completed.

"I see with pleasure that on both sides of the chanel the parliamentary discussions are favourable to the maintenance of our two administrations, and that we are not likely to be troubled with that modern scourge a ministerial crisis. I should never have thought that the potato disease could have had so important a political interest; but this is not the first time in the course of my long career that I have found slight causes produce great effects, and it therefore behoves us to keep a close watch over these slight causes, to prevent them from increasing and becoming developed. They should be nipped in the bud, if it be possible. The kind expressions which your majesty has been so good as to address to me have given me great satisfaction, as also those sentiments of affection, of which you have given me so many proofs. I trust and hope that the year '46 will not roll by without granting me, like its predecessor, the happiness of seeing you, and offering you my heartfelt and sincere respects. I cannot stir before the close of the session; but if, as I have some hope, it should terminate before June, I think that then I might renew the visit to you, the remembrance of which is so dear to me—if that period should be agreeable to your majesty, and should not interfere with any of your projects across the channel.

"Between this and then your majesty will be able to inform me, without reserve or hesitation, whether that period would suit you; and if not, I hope that some later day will be fixed for my visit.

"I beseech you to make my best remembrances to Prince Albert, and to renew the lively and very sincere expressions of those sentiments which I have, and of that tender friendship with which, madame, my very dear sister, I am always your majesty's good brother and very faithful friend,

"Louis Philippe."

"*To Her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain.*

"Madame my very dear sister—How shall I thank you for this new proof of your friendship for me. You know how ardent and sincere is mine. You know how ardent and sincere is mine for you. I trust that the year will not pass by without my being able to present my respects to your majesty. Nothing but an absolute impossibility, which I cannot foresee, shall prevent me. I feel have been deeply moved by Sir Robert Peel's toast at the Mansion House, and the reception which it met with, as also by the address which by your majesty's gracious permission, the corporation of the city of London has just voted on the occasion of the signal protection with which Divine Providence has deigned to shield the Queen, myself, my sister, the Duchess of Nemours, the Prince and Princess of Salerno, and my grandson Wurtemburg—poor child—who were all exposed to the same danger † And I hope in my next visit under the auspices of your majesty and the prince your husband, that I may be able personally to express to them my gratitude for the manifestation of interest under these distressing circumstances, which has been made by the generous nation over which you reign, and to which your majesty has given an impulse in so kind a manner that nothing can ever efface it from my heart.

"Since I can write to your majesty with that confidence in which I love to indulge, I may venture to inform you of a desire which has been expressed to me by the excellent people of Fontainebleau, consisting of 8,000 souls. They are grieved that the name of their town has been used to describe this attempted assassination, and they instruct me to use my influence that it may be spoken of simply by the name of the wretch who made the attempt. Your majesty will pardon me for speaking on this subject, and will appreciate my motives, and, perhaps, by some insinuations to your ministers, and from them to the English editors, this designation might be given, which in fact, is but just.

"From all I hear, there is reason to hope that the parliamentary crisis in which your majesty is engaged will terminate as I hope, and that Sir Robert Peel will hold fast (sic in orig.), and that he will be your minister when I may have the happiness of visiting you. I see, with pleasure, that this desire is very general throughout France. Everything is going on as I wish in the chambers, but so slowly that I fear the general election may be delayed, as also that which we call *la petite session*, the termination of which I must await before crossing the channel.

"The suggestion which your majesty had been so good to make to the queen about crossing from Boulogne has had a good effect, but she is not well, and, as I tell her, there may be fine weather in all seasons. But, despite my persuasions, I can answer for nothing as far as she is concerned. But this much I can say for my part, that my good queen will be eager and happy, as well as my sister and all my family, to go in person."

"*The Ex-Queen of the French to Her Majesty Queen Victoria.*

September 8th, 1846.

"Madame,—Confiding in the friendship, of which your majesty has given us so many proofs, and in the amiable interest which your majesty has ever evinced towards all our children, I hasten to announce to you the conclusion of the marriage of our son Montpensier with the Infanta Luisa Fernanda. This family event has filled us with joy, because I hope that it will ensure the happiness of our beloved son, and that in the Infanta we shall find a new daughter as good and as amiable as our other children; and that it will add to our domestic happiness, which is the only real happiness in this world, and which you, Madame, are so well able to appreciate. I ask you beforehand to extend your friendship towards our new child, feeling assured that she will participate in those sentiments of devotion and affection which all of us feel for you, for Prince Albert, and for all your dear family—I am, madame, your majesty's devoted friend and sister,

"Marie Amelie."

"*To Her Majesty the Queen of the French.*

"Osborne, September 10th, 1846.

"Madame,—I have just received your majesty's letter of the 8th of this month, and hasten to thank you for it. You may, perhaps, remember all that passed at Eu between the king and myself. You are aware of the zeal with which I have laboured, and the importance of our cordial friendship. You are doubtless aware also, that we refused to arrange the marriage between the Queen of Spain and our cousin Leopold (which the two Queens so ardently desired,) expressly that we might avoid doing anything that might be disagreeable to the king, although We could not but consider such a marriage as the most desirable. You will, therefore, readily comprehend that the sudden announcement of this *double marriage* has caused us as much surprise as deep regret.

"I ask your pardon, madame, for speaking to you of politics at such a moment, but I am happy in being able to say that I have never been otherwise than *sincere* towards you.

"In requesting you to present my respects to the king, I am, madame, your majesty's devoted friend and sister,

"Victoria R."

MISCELLANEA.

Taking a Woman at her Word.—In a village about half a mile east of the municipal boundary of Glasgow, lived a fine young woman who had the misfortune to be married to a weaver. The misfortune could not be said to exist in the profession, but in the thirst which a limited and precarious income could never quench. Lairds have got a peculiar habit of calling on their tenants twice in the year, a habit which, in many cases, is not much relished by those whom they honour with their visit. Now, it more than once happened that the laird of this couple in his half-yearly visitations, did not find the rent forthcoming on the appointed day, and received the pleasant answer from the gude wife instead, that she 'had naething to gi'e him, unless he took herself.' About twelve months since the husband left this world for another. Last term day the laird, who is a widower, stricken in years, but well to do in the world, called on his fellow tenant for the usual purpose, and, on his receiving the same answer, took the youthful widow at her word, and she, nothing loth, at once agreed, and the two were made one some week or two ago. The husband, though he can now exact no rent in the same quarter, confesses the bargain has been very much in his favour, while the mind of the lady is set at rest on the same subject during the life of her husband, and even should she survive him to the threescore years and ten allotted to humanity.

Sleeping in Pulpit and Pew.—A Miss Brows preaches in New York in a state of somnambulism. In this country it is quite the reverse; the preacher is wide awake and the audience asleep.

Woman.—If woman was more thoughtful and opinionative than she is, she would only be more troublesome to man when he is asked to her. If women were not fond of dress and dressing, who could clothe and deck the little children so neatly? Would man do it? And will literary and philosophical women do it? Not they; they suffer their children to go in rags, rather than mend or darn. It requires a large fortune to keep a philosophical wife.

The Western Times (Exeter) say, 'There is a divine in this neighbourhood who will undertake at any time, by day light, to hit the neck of a quart bottle with a rifle shot at fifty yards distance; and there are one or two divines who will also undertake to crack a quart bottle, by any light, with any decent man in Christendom.'

Penalty on Boasting.—The other evening, as a number of tradesmen were returning from Manchester in the railway carriage, one of them began to tell of the great weekly profits he was realising by his thread manufactory, when a sharp-eyed little gentleman in one corner of the carriage exclaimed, 'Indeed! and pray, Sir, what may your name be?' 'I am Mr H——d,' replied the boaster. 'Ah!' replied his interrogator, 'I must make a memorandum of that,' at the same time taking out his pocket-book; 'for I do not remember your name appearing on my books for the income tax!'

A Slight Plagiarism from Dr Watts.—Let canine animals delight in mutual barkings, and in reciprocating injuries with their fangs; for it is their natural disposition in this manner they are so constituted as to take pleasure in these occasions. But you—who among the great European family may be called children—should never allow your irascible propensities to be thus aroused. Those diminutive organs of prehension which you possess were never constructed for the laceration of one another's instruments of vision.

COMMERCIAL STATISTICS.

(Published by the Canton British Chamber of Commerce, 20th September 1846.)

EXPORTS.

Imaum of Muscat, to Bombay 23rd August, 1846.

		Piculs.
Sugar candy	2,091 tubs	10,000
Brass ware	3 pkgs.	2
Refuse silk	60 „	60
Tea	205 „	150
Hartall	50 chts.	50
Paper	32 „	32
Brass leaf	40 bxs.	40
China root	140 baskts.	140
Glass beads	75 chts.	100
Rattan ware	3 bdls.	—
Lackered ware	8 chts.	—
Kittysols	85 „	800
Vitrified ware	9 „	8
Silk umbrellas	4 bxs.	100
Cassia	600 chts.	300
Prussian blue	10 bxs.	10
Feather fans	1 „	—
Rice paper picts.	2 „	2
Silk & Cotton mixt	5 „	—
Silk piece goods	3 „	—
China ware	6 „	—
Mats	14 bdles.	550
Furniture	14 pkgs.	—
Drugs	3 „	2
Sweatmeats	50 „	—

Salopian to Manilla 26th Aug. In ballast.

Swithamley to London 26th August.

Porcelain	27	chests

Sir Edward Ryan to Shanghai 28th August.

Cotton yarn	295	bales
Putchuck	50	„
Cloves	20	„
Sandal Wood	257	pieces
Annised oil	52	„
Furniture	49	„
Vitrified ware	115	„
Prussian blue	400	„
Drugs	47	„
Rattan ware	1	pkge.
Brass ware	1	„

Patna to Liverpool 26th Aug.

Sweatmeats	13	chests

Falcon to Bombay 26th Aug.

Sugar candy	6,675	chests
Sugar	1,000	bags
Tea	76	chests
Hartall	40	„
Brass leaf	56	„
Prussian blue	15	„
Preserves	288	„
Glass beads	1	„
Silk piece goods	1	„
Cassia	300	„
Bangles	11	„
Brass ware	8	„
Arsenic	10	„
Paper	39	„
Furniture	22	„
Rattans & bamboo ware	46	pkgs.
Leather chests	5	„
Earthen ware	3	„
Silk and Cotton mixture	2	„
Pictures	3	„
Kittysols	25	„
Grass cloth	1	„
Refuse silk	505	„

Auriga to London 4th Sept.

Mats	10	pkgs.

Grecian to London 8th Sept.

Sweatmeats	6	chests
Furniture	6	„
Pictures	1	„
Earthen ware	2	„
Porcelain	4	„
Feather fans	1	„
Tobacco	1	„
Lackeredware	2	„

Anne Maclean to Madras 5th September.

Tea	58	chests
Woodware	6	„
Lackeredware	2	„
Sweatmeats	68	„
Copper ware	620	bags
Crackers	15	chests
Kittysols	310	„
Rattanware	1	„
Porcelain	6	„
Soy	6	„
China root	45	„
Paper	30	„

Lloyds to Bombay 12th Sept.

Cassia	250	chests
Refuse silk	171	„
Silk piece goods	12	„
Tea	279	„
Silk umbrellas	5	„
Kittysols	85	„
Mats	82	bdls.
Paper	123	chests
Glass beads	47	„
Wood ware	75	pkges
Brass ware	3	„
Hartall	40	„
Brass leaf	1	„
Sweatmeats	141	chests
Rice paper pictures	1	„
Lackered ware	18	„
Mirrors	5	„
Porcelain	13	„
Silk & cotton mixtures	4	„
Canton raw silk	29	„
Rattan & bamboo ware	31	pieces
Sugar candy	2	chests
Pictures	3	„
Vermillion	25	„

Sarah Louisa to Shanghai 16th September.

Cotton yarn	278	bales
Gray longcloths	270	„
White longcloths	55	„

Ariel to Calcutta 12th Sept.

Sweatmeats	410	chests
Tea	47	„
Silk string	1	„
Quicksilver	110	tubs
Vermillion	80	chests
Paper	5	„
Feather fans	5	„
Cotton & silk mixtures	4	„
Porcelain	1	„
Lackered ware	4	„
Arsenic	20	„
Mats	5	„

Champion to Calcutta 15th September.

Sweatmeats	55	chests
Chinaroot	20	„
Feather fans	1	„
Wood ware	35	pieces
Porcelain	17	tubs
Vermillion	45	chests
Refuse silk	1	bal.
Silk umbrellas	1	chests
Paper	97	chests
Grass cloth	2	„
Leather trunks	10	„

IMPORTS.

Hugh Walker from Liverpool 19th August.

Woollens	152	bales
Longells	110	„
Corals	17	chests
Liquors	2	casks
Sundries	70	pkgs.

Lady Dennison from S. Sea Islands 23rd August.

Sandalwood	95	tons

Sir Ed. Ryan from Shanghai 24th August.

Ispon	4,200	catties
Gypsum	55,800	„
Nankeens	90	chests

Bahamian from Liverpool 24th August.

Coals	12	tons
Soap	2	chests
Iron	50	tons
Cochineal	28	chests
Preserved meats	50	casks
Sundries	200	packages

Auriga from Singapore 26th August.

Betel-nut	921	piculs
Steel	400	casks
Glass panes	875	chests

Corcyra from Penang 26th August.

Betel nut	2200	piculs

Sultana from Bombay 28th August.

Cotton	1,497	bales
„	28	bf. bls
Sandalwood	1,400	pieces

Ariel from Calcutta 28th Aug. In ballast

Sovereign from Totocorin 29th August.

Cotton	1,322	bales
„	58	bf. bls.

J. Jejeebhoy from Bombay 30th August.

Cotton	2,030	bales
„	60	bf. bls.
Sandalwood	997	pieces
Iron	210	bdls.
Dow bezoar	1	chest
Ellephant's teeth	15	bdls.
Soap	3	chests
Glass ware	3	„
S'ks fins & fish maws	2,232	bdls.

Sarah Louisa from Shanghai 9th September.

Iron	1,130	pls.
Rice	642	„
Rawsilk	131	bales

Norfolk from Bombay 9th Sept.

Cotton	356	bales
do.	806	bales

Daniel Watson from N. Hebrides 9th September.

Sandalwood	100	tons
Bicho-de-mar	6	„

Mohawk from London 9th Sept.

Sundries	3	cases
do.	1	cask
Preserved Meats	23	casks
Longells	77	bales
Cotton Yarn	28	„
Plain Cottons	8	„

Champion from Calcutta 10th September.

Cotton	1,320	bales
do.	860	h. „
Sauff	2	chests

Lascar from Batavia 10th Sept.

Rattans	2127	piculs
Nutmegs	11	chests
Birds Nests	3	„
Bicho-de-mar	1	„
Elephants Teeth	2	bundles
Sundries	2	chests
Bullocks Hides	1,327	
Pepper	49	chests
Looking Glasses	2	„
Betel nut	46	bales

W. Stewart from Batavia 11th September.

Bullocks Hides	814	
do.	46	bundles
Betel Nut	165	bales
Sundries	43	cases
Preserved Meats	14	„
Sharks-fins	2	bundles
Tortoise Shell	1	chest

Charles Grant from Bombay 12th September.

Cotton	6000	bales
Cloves	65	bales
S'ks fins & fish maws	6,550	bdls.
Cotton Cloth	17	bales
Liquors	2	casks
Elephant Teeth	5	chests
Sundries	2	„

Princess Royal from Singapore 14th September.

Betel Nut	889	piculs
Sandalwood	126	„
Rattans	2,086	bdls.
Long Cloths	4	cases

Emma Sherrat from Swan River 13rd September.

Sandalwood	80	tons

Emily from Bombay 15th Sept.

Cotton	1,153	bales
do.	86	hf. bls.
Cochineal	5	chests
Sandalwood	2,784	pieces
Gum Olibanum	88	chests
Sundries	25	bales
Cloves	116	chests

D. of Cornwall from Bombay 16th September.

Cotton	1955	bales
Fish Maws	922	bundles
Shark-fins	1899	„
Sundries	9	pkges.
Elephants Teeth	5	„
Broken Glass	2	„
Rattans	3335	bundles

Duilius from Singapore 17th September.

Paper	201	bales
Cotton	144	„
Ebony	103	pieces
Red wood	7	„
Drills	10	bales
Canes	270	bdls.
Rattans	15,130	„
Sandalwood	154	pieces
Sundries	150	„

Deva from Singapore 15th September.

Betel Nut	5042	peculs
Rattans	68	„

Nerbudda from London 16th Sep.

Woollens	210	bales
Liquor	29	bores
„	17	casks
Sundries	20	pkges
Long Cloths	294	bales
Blankets	20	„
Cotton Yarn	5	„
Preserved Meats	1	pkge

J. ROGERS & Co.,
Ship Chandlers of Manila,

BEG leave to inform Owners and Captains of Whale Ships, that the Government of Manilla has abolished the Tonnage Dues and Custom-house Duties heretofore existing on Whalers touching at that Port for refreshments. This regulation will commence from the 1st of January, 1849; and will afford Whaling Captains the means of supplying their vessels with all kinds of Stores at the most moderate rate.

Manilla, 12th July, 1848.

NOTICE.

IT is requested that all claims upon the undersigned be presented on or before the 20th of October; also that all debts due to him be paid before that date.

W. H. McCONNEL.

Victoria, 29th September, 1848.

D. REMI, Chronometer and Watch-maker, begs to inform the Public, that he has removed his Establishment from Macao to Shanghai, and he has the pleasure of addressing his best thanks to the Community of Macao, Canton, and Hongkong for the patronage he has received. He hopes, by his exertions, to deserve in his new situation, the same support from the public. He is well supplied with a variety of Goods.

Shanghai, 15th July, 1848.

FOR SALE.

THE Bowling-Alley, Billiard Saloon Table and Fixtures, with right, title, and good will to lease, &c., of that well-known house the "Albion." For further particulars apply on the Premises.

ALSO,

The Livery Stables attached to the premises.

Victoria, 29th September, 1848.

FOR SALE.

A Splendid Square Piano Forte.
Apply to W. H. FRANKLYN,
Victoria, October 4, 1848.

MESSRS SMITH & BRIMELOW, have just received a quantity of 7 inch 6½ in., 6¼ in., 6 in., 5½ in., 5 in., and 4 inch Europe Rope, which they offer for sale.

ALSO,

An excellent assortment of Navy Canvas, Sewing and Roping Twine, &c., &c.
No. 1 & 2 Woosnam's Buildings.
Victoria, 12th Sept., 1848.

FOR SALE.

PRIME Columbia River Beef in Casks, and Columbia River Salmon, ex *Toulon*.

ALSO,

Paint Oil in Demi-johns.
SMITH & BRIMELOW.
Victoria, 22nd February, 1848.

SMITH & BRIMELOW have received a large supply of Dutch and American Butter, in 15 lbs. Kegs, of superior quality, and which they can highly recommend.
No 1 & 2 Woosnam's Buildings,
Victoria, 22nd April, 1848.

FOR SALE.

AN excellent assortment of Carpeting and Hearth Rugs to match, just received ex *Helen Stewart*.
SMITH & BRIMELOW.
No. 1, Woosnam's Buildings,
15th August, 1848.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY,
Queen's Road.

SODA WATER and LEMONADE of Superior Quality.
Macao, at HINNAM'S, China Shopkeeper.
Victoria, 11th June, 1848.

A CARD.

DR. BALL, Surgeon Dentist, begs leave to inform the community of Hongkong, that he will remain for a limited time in Victoria, where he may be consulted in regard to his profession. Teeth cleansed, filled, and extracted; Mineral Teeth inserted; and particular attention given to the regulation of Children's Teeth. Please address to the Care of Drinker & Co.
B. L. BALL, M.D.
Hongkong, September 1st, 1848.

$4000.

WANTED to borrow the above sum for TWO YEARS on valuable Land and Building Security, situated in one of the best localities within the Town of Victoria, for which a Liberal Rate of Interest will be paid.
For further particulars apply to,
Mr GASKELL, *Solicitor*,
Victoria.
Victoria, 3rd August, 1848.

PRINTED FORMS.

FOR SALE at the Office of this paper:—
Bills of Exchange.
,, of Lading.
,, ,, ,, for the Peninsular and Oriental Company's Steamers.
Navy Bills.
Compradores Orders, in Books.
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Shipping Articles.

PRINTING.

Mercantile forms and other work printed with expedition at the customary rates.
Queen's Road, 9th October, 1848.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

—o—

ARRIVALS.

Oct. AT HONGKONG.

11, *Mohawk*, Morison, from Whampoa.
12, *Tam O'Shanter*, Marienburg, from Macao.
12, *Duchess of Argyle*, Phillips, from Macao.
12, *Minerva*, Reid, from Whampoa.
12, *Van der Palm* [Dutch], Muntendaen, from Whampoa.
13, *Omega*, Anderson, from Cumsingmoon.
13, U.S.S. *Preble*, Commander James Glynn, from Whampoa 12th October.
13, *Antelope* [Am.], Watkins, from Shanghai.
13, *Mazeppa*, Jauncey, Put back.
13, *Viscount Sandon*, March, from Liverpool 10th June.

Oct. AT MACAO

—, *Tam O'Shanter*, Marienburg, from Batavia 18th August.

Sept. AT SHANGHAI.

27, *Confucius*, Scott, from Liverpool 12th May.
27, *Sir Edward Ryan*, Triggs, from Hongkong.
29, *Dart* [Am.], Porter, from Hongkong.
—, *Cleone* [Am.], Bearse, from Hongkong.
October,
1, *Howqua* [Am.], Low, from Hongkong.

Report of the "Viscount Sandon."

Sept. 25, In Gaspar Straits, spoke the *Ann Jane*, for Hongkong.
Oct. 5, Spoke the American-ship *Vancouver*, for Hongkong.
Oct. 12, Spoke the *Mazeppa*, from Hongkong bound north; reported having experienced very heavy weather.
Sept. 21, In Straits of Sunda, spoke *Cockermouth Castle*, for China.
Sept. 25, In Gaspar Straits, spoke *Tory*, for Singapore.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. FROM HONGKONG.

11, *Sam Francisco Xavier* [Portuguese], Barros, Whampoa.
11, *Mohawk*, Morison, London.
12, *Corsair* [steamer], Soames, Canton. *via* Cumsingmoon.
13, *Matilda* [Am.], Lewis, Macao.
13, *Duchess of Argyle*, Phillips, Bombay.

Oct. FROM SHANGHAI.

—, *Johanna Cæsar* [Bremen], Elberfeld, Manila.
—, *Pauline* [Bremen], Stelljes, Manila.

SHIPPING IN CHINA.

VESSELS OF WAR.

H. M. Ship Cambrian	Hongkong	36	Guns	Commodore J. H. Plumridge, Acting Captain Morris.
,, Brig Mariner	Shanghai	10	Guns	Commander Mathieson.
,, Brig Columbine	Amoy	16	Guns	Commander D. Hay.
,, Sloop Scout	Foochow	16	Guns	Commander F. E. Johnston.
H. C. Steamer Pluto	Canton	4	Guns	Lieut.-Comding G. T. Airey, R.N.
H. M. Brig Childers	Shanghai	16	Guns	Commander J. C. Pitman.
,, Steamer Medea	Whampoa	4	Guns	Commander T. H. Mason.
,, Ship Alligator	Hongkong	..	Hospital	Doctor Bankier.
,, Ship Minden	,,	..	Store	
American.				
U. S. Ship Plymouth	Whampoa	28	Guns	Commander Gedney.
,, Ship Preble	Hongkong	16	Guns	Commander James Glynn.

MERCHANT VESSELS.

Ships.	At	Tons	Masters.	Consignees.
British.				
Adelaide, barque	Hongkong	428	Hutcheson	Lindsay and co.
Ann, barque	,,	800	Walker	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Arrow, brig	,,	212	Young	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Asia, barque	,,	523	Roskell	Bush and co.
Brahmin, ship	,,	616	Taylor	Bush and co.
Calder, barque	,,	226	Fitzsimons	Bush and co.
Charles Forbes, ship	,,	1120	Wills	Dent and co.
Clifton, ship	,,	896	Kettlewell	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Constant, barque	,,	535	Garnock	Holliday, Wise and co.
Corsair, brig	,,	172	Roper	Captain.
Corsair, steamer	,,	180	Soames	McEwen and co.
Denia, schooner	,,	133	Kling	Dent and co.
Eliza Stewart, ship	,,	524	Henderson	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Hector, brig	,,	147	Flockhart	Turner and co.
Helen Stewart, barque	,,	380	Buckham	Fletcher and co.
Hermes, barque	,,	242	Corkhill	Rawle, Duus and co.
Hindostan, ship	,,	500	West	Dirom, Gray and co.
Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, ship	,,	574	Fitzmaurice	Jardine, Matheson and co.
John Bunyan, ship	,,	466	Thompson	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Mazeppa, schooner	,,	170	Jauncey	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Minerva, schooner	,,	84	Reid	Blenkin, Rawson and co.
New Margaret, ship	,,	411	Ager	Nye, Parkin and co.
Omega, schooner	,,	176	Anderson	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Portenia, brig	,,	220	Lancaster	Turner and co.
Royal Exchange, brig	,,	153	Smardon	D. & M. Rustomjee and co.
Salopian, barque	,,	289	McLachlan	A. A. Ritchie and co.
Sidney, schooner	,,	184	E. A. Wild	Lindsay and co.
Spec, schooner	,,	105	Cole	William Davidson.
Sylph, ship	,,	251	Macdonald	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Tam O'Shanter, barque	,,	270	Marienburg	Syme, Muir and co.
Viscount Sandon, ship	,,	540	March	Gibb, Livingston and co.
Amoy Packet, schooner	Whampoa	146	Taylor	Murrow and co.
Anna Robertson, barque	,,	417	Munro	Turner and co.
Caspar, barque	,,	423	Eldred	Lindsay and co.
Charles Grant, ship	,,	699	Evans	Ameroodeen Jafferbhoy.
Chatham, barque	,,	354	Morrison	Jamieson, Edger and co.
Coromandel, ship	,,	765	Gray	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Daniel Watson, brig	,,	165	Watson	Lindsay and co.
Deva, brig	,,	[illegible]	Cadenhead	Dent and co.
Duke of Cornwall, ship	,,	580	Whitehead	Kennedy, Macgregor and co.
Earl of Chester, ship	,,	517	Blackstone	Dirom, Gray and co.
Emily, barque	,,	580	Wilson	Russell and co.
Ferozepore, barque	,,	558	Masterton	Gibb, Livingston and co.
John Cooper, ship	,,	524	Were	Jardine, Matheson and co.
John O'Gaunt, ship	,,	449	Macdonald	Turner and co.
Kilblain, ship	,,	495	Shaw	Nye, Parkin and co.
Lady Denison, barque	,,	148	Murray	R. Strachan.
Larkins, ship	,,	700	Gordon	Dent and co.
Lascar, ship	,,	441	Thompson	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Loch Lomond, ship	,,	575	Rankin	Turner and co.
Lowjee Family, ship	,,	1070	Ayers	Dent and co.
Mazeppa, ship	,,	163	Mordaunt	Blenkin, Rawson and co.
Mor, ship	,,	264	Alston	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Myaram Dyaram, ship	,,	784	Puddicombe	Pestonjee Framjee Cama and co.
Nerbudda, barque	,,	425	Crawford	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Norfolk, schooner	,,	127	Watts	P. & D. N. Camajee and co.
Princess Royal, barque	,,	250	Sinclair	Dent and co.
Queen of England, ship	,,	538	Cawkitt	Gibb, Livingston and co.
Rajah Bassa, barque	,,	450	Glover	Dirom, Gray and co.
Regina, ship	,,	800	Quinton	Russell and co.
Sappho, barque	,,	446	Hildreth	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Somnauth, ship	,,	671	Lawson	Russell and co.
Sultan, barque	,,	457	Putt	Dent and co.
William Gibson, ship	,,	600	White	Order.
William Stewart, ship	,,	576	Jamieson	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Worcester, barque	,,	636	Hawkings	Lindsay and co.
Velocipede, schooner	Macao	175	Wolf	Order.
Audax, schooner	Shanghai	151	Sullivan	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Bleng, barque	,,	231	Stewart	Rathbones, Worthington and co.
Chieftain, barque	,,	389	Robertson	Turner and co.
Clown, brig	,,	144	D'Bussche	P. & D. N. Cama and co.
Confucius, ship	,,	468	Scott	———
Dumfries, ship	,,	465	Green	Boustead and co.
Eliza, barque	,,	245	J. Valrent Jr.	Burd, Lange and co.
Erin, barque	,,	285	Dunford	Thomas Ripley and co.
Guardian, barque	,,	400	Wickerman	Boustead and co.
Harbinger, barque	,,	297	Candlish	Holliday, Wise and co.
Indian Queen, barque	,,	—	Vanderhoven	Boustead and co.
Island Queen, schooner	,,	194	Macfarlane	Dent and co.
John Dugdale, ship	,,	407	Killick	Boustead and co.
Juliet, barque	,,	444	Watson	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Kelpie, barque	,,	264	Sime	Macvicar and co.
Lady Sale, barque	,,	[illegible]	Brewer	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Magellan, ship	,,	355	Sproule	Reiss and co.
Mischief, schooner	,,	221	White	Dent and co.
Nautilus, brig	,,	240	Mundy	Reiss and co.
Privateer, schooner	,,	80	Bellamy	Cowasjee Sapoorjee Lungrana.
Queen, barque	,,	442	Hutton	Turner and co.
Richard & William, brig	,,	163	Brigstock	Order.
Sarah Louisa, brig	,,	215	Oldham	Rathbones, Worthington and co.
Sir Edward Ryan, barque	,,	320	Triggs	Murrow and co.
Torrington, schooner	,,	144	Riddles	James Lawrence Mann and co.
William Jardine, ship	,,	693	Doutty	Blenkin, Rawson and co.
Caroline, schooner	Amoy	103	Howard	Mitchell and co.
Gazelle, schooner	,,	120	———	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Kitty, brig	,,	199	Shaw	Syme, Muir and co.
London, barque	,,	388	Williamson	Burd, Lange and co.
Louisa, barque	,,	381	Rozario	Syme, Muir and co.
Maingay, barque	,,	265	Richards	Syme, Muir and co.
Pathfinder, barque	,,	362	McMurdo	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Sophia Fraser, barque	,,	291	Mackellar	Syme, Muir and co.
Wigeon, brig	,,	280	Capes	Syme, Muir and co.
Zephyr, schooner	East Coast	149	Wilson	Dent and co.
American.				
Antelope, brig	Hongkong	372	Watkins	Russell and co.
General Harrison, ship	,,	400	Gardner	Bush and co.
Eagle, brig	Whampoa	324	Lovett	Russell and co.
Indiana, schooner	,,	87	Crosby	Russell and co.
John Quincy Adams, ship	,,	661	Nickels	Augustine Heard and co.
Petrel, schooner	,,	100	Brimblecombe	Russell and co.
Anglona, schooner	Cum'moon	106	Thop	Russell and co.
Matilda, ship	Macao	689	Lewis	Russell and co.
Boxer, schooner	Shanghai	150	Woodberry	Geo. F. Hubertson.
Cleone, ship	,,	375	Bearse	Russell and co.
Dart, schooner	,,	150	Porter	Augustine Heard and co.
Horsburgh, ship	,,	542	Hatch	Russell and co.
Howqua, ship	,,	587	Low	Russell and co.
Mariposa, ship	,,	317	Saunders	Russell and co.
Carthage, ship	Amoy	426	Fox	Order.
Portuguese.				
Sam Francisco Xavier, brig	Whampoa	162	Barros	Syme, Muir and co.
Amizade, brig	Macao	300	Pina	José Vicente Jorge.
Brigand, brig	,,	180	Almeida	João Lourenço d'Almeida.
Dous Amigos, schooner	,,	105	Silva	Captain.
Genoveva, brig	,,	150	Marques	Pedro José da Silva Loureiro.
Marquis of Hastings, barque	,,	350	Silva	José Francisco d'Oliveira.
Nossa Senhora da Luz, brig	,,	260	Jesus	José Manoel de Jesus.
Tremelga, barque	,,	390	Carvalho	Lourenço Marques.
Aurora, schooner	Shanghai	80	Remedios	V. A. dos Remedios.
Spanish.				
Carmen, brig	Hongkong	180	Escobar	Holliday, Wise and co.
Fortuna, barque	Shanghai	385	Martinez	Russell and co.
Jesusa, barque	,,	—	Goicochea	Wolcott, Pates and co.
Tres Sobrinos, barque	,,	320	Garay	Order.
Veloz, barque	,,	270	Echavaria	Russell and co.

SHIPPING IN CHINA,—*Continued.*

Ships.	At	Tons	Masters.	Consignees.
Dutch.				
Van der Palm, barque	Hongkong	515	Muntendaen	N. Duus and co.
Boreas, brig	Whampoa	280	Messen	Reynvaan and co.
Anna Maria, brig	Amoy	195	Robertson	Syme, Muir and co.
Fatal Hair, barque	,,	406	Ingals	Syme, Muir and co.
Pselades, barque	,,	350	Risp	Order.
Vielades, barque	,,	—	Schmidt	Order.
French.				
L'Entreprise, barque	Macao	214	Briancon	J. A. Durran.
Joseph et Claire, barque	Amoy	304	Montfort	Syme, Muir and co.
Hamburg.				
Paradise, schooner	Whampoa	130	Zybrantz	Boustead and co.
Sylpnide, schooner	,,	120	Storm	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Bremen.				
Juliana, ship	Shanghai	450	Luitjes	Kennedy, Macgregor and co.
Belgian.				
Rubens, barque	Whampoa	375	Meyer	Order.
Swedish.				
Carl Johan, barque	Macao	243	Lubock	Dent and co.
Danish.				
Mary, lorcha	Hongkong	35	Botelho	Rawle, Duus and co.
Wilhelmine, barque	Whampoa	—	Prehn	Carlowitz, Harkort and co.
Ann, lorcha	Ningpo	120	Sewell	Rawle, Duus and co.
Emily, lorcha	,,	44	Hansen	Rawle, Duus and co.
Sardinian.				
Stella del Mar, barque	Shanghai	420	Descars	Russell and co.
Siamese.				
Victoria, ship	Whampoa	1200	Roys	Captain.
(Store Ships.)				
Bomanjee Hormusjee, ship	Hongkong	850	Coates	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Fort William, ship	,,	1214	Miller	J. A. Olding, P. & O. Co's. Agent.
John Barry, ship	,,	520	Stewart	Dent and co.
Falcon, ship	Cum'moon	372	Burley	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Hygeia, barque	,,	377	———	Murrow and co.
Lady Hayes, barque	,,	379	Lungley	Augustine Heard and co.
Linnet, brig	,,	113	Jamieson	Cowasjee Sapoorjee Lungrana.
Ruparell (Am.), barque	,,	318	Endicott, J. B	Russell and co.
Sea Horse, brig	,,	217	Willson	Pestonjee Framjee Cama and co.
Anonyma, brig	Namoa	257	Smith	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Warlock, brig	,,	237	Mann	Dent and co.
Lord Amherst, ship	Amoy	328	Zabell	Dent and co.
Mahamoodee, barque	,,	237	Miln	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Royalist, schooner	,,	141	Browning	Syme, Muir and co.
Aurora, schooner	East Coast	104	Robertson	Captain Miln.
Harlequin, brig	Chinchew	292	Crawford	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Louisa, barque	,,	272	Woodrow	Dent and co.
Anita, brig	Foo-c.-foo	219	Hely	Dent and co.
Vixen, schooner	,,	105	Roope	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Amazon, ship	Woosung	442	Cleverly	Macvicar and co.
Black Dog, schooner	,,	170	Deane	David Sassoon Sons and co.
Dido, schooner	,,	35	Wix	Turner and co.
Emily Jane, ship	,,	426	Wade	Dent and co.
Folkstone, ship	,,	406	Forbes	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Masdeu, barque	,,	236	Chape	Cowasjee Sapoorjee Lungrana.
Snipe (Am.), brig	,,	196	Endicott, W.	Augustine Heard and co.
Time, schooner	,,	156	Lacy	Pestonjee Framjee Cama and co.
William Hughes (Am.), brig	,,	219	Roundy	Russell and co.
William IV., barque	,,	194	Thompson	Lindsay and co.
Hellas, schooner	Lookong	208	Gutzell	Jardine, Matheson and co.
Ternate, barque	,,	279	Priestman	Dent and co.

VESSELS LOADING.

For	At	Ships	Consignees	Intended Despatch
London	Hongkong	Constant	Holliday, Wise & Co.	In October
,,	Whampoa	Caspar	Lindsay & Co.	Early
,,	,,	Ferozepore	Gibb, Livingston & Co	Early
,,	,,	Larkins	Dent & Co.	In October
,,	,,	Nerbudda	Jardine, Matheson & Co	Early
,,	,,	Q. of England	Gibb, Livingston & Co	In October
,,	,,	Sultan	Dent & Co.	Early
,,	Shanghai	Chieftain	Turner & Co.	Early
,,	,,	Dumfries	Boustead & Co.	Early
,,	,,	Juliet	Jardine, Matheson & Co	Early
,,	,,	William Jardine	Blenkin, Rawson & Co	Early
Liverpool	Whampoa	Chatham	Jamieson, Edger & Co	Early
,,	,,	John O'Gaunt	Turner & Co.	Early
,,	,,	Rajah Bassa	Dirom, Gray & Co.	Early
,,	Shanghai	Magellan	Reiss & Co.	Early
Calcutta	Hongkong	Arrow	Jardine, Matheson & Co	Immediate
,,	Whampoa	Mor	Jardine, Matheson & Co	Immediate
Bombay	Hongkong	Brahmin	Bush & Co.	Immediate
,,	Whampoa	Charles Grant	Ameroodeen Jafferbhoy	Early
,,	,,	D. of Cornwall	K., Macgregor & Co.	In October
,,	,,	Lowjee Family	Dent & Co.	Early
Adelaide	Hongkong	Minerva	Blenkin, Rawson & Co	Immediate
Manila	,,	Carmen	Holliday, Wise & Co.	Soon
Siam	,,	J. Jejeebhoy	Jardine, Matheson & Co	To-day
Shanghai	,,	John Bunyan	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Immediate
,,	,,	Sidney	Lindsay & Co.	23rd Oct.
,,	,,	Van der Palm	N. Duus & Co.	Immediate
,,	Macao	Dous Amigos	Captain.	Immediate
Amoy	Whampoa	S. F. Xavier	Syme, Muir & Co.	Immediate

VESSELS EXPECTED.

FROM LONDON.

June 13, Surge, 543, Maurice, Hongkong.
,, 14, Tartar, 567, Harvey, Hongkong.
July 13, Menam, 472, Maxton, Hongkong.
,, 17, Queen, 379, Gordon, Hongkong.
,, 20, Inca, 465, Buxton, Whampoa.

Loading on the 24th July.—Ann, and Lady McNaghten.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

May, 13, Eliza Killick, 256, Norman, Shanghai.
,, 21, Anne Jane, 302, Rigby, Hongkong.
,, 21, Cockermouth Castle, 231, Wood, Hongkong.
,, 25, Sandersons, 308, Douglas, Shanghai.
,, 30, John Christian, 390, Churhward, Hongkong.
June 3, Athena, 369, Ogg, Hongkong.
,, 8, Emily, 252, Valentine, Shanghai.
,, 17, Walton, 502, Little, Hongkong.
,, 19, Favorite, 277, Webster, Hongkong.
,, 24, Raduga, 650, Leitch, Whampoa.
July 3, Euphrates, 617, Gifford, Hongkong.
,, 4, Molly Bawn, 384, Robinson, Shanghai.
,, 12, Rafael, 330, Brown, Shanghai.
,, 15, Colchester, 562, Withers, Hongkong.
,, 15, Prudence, 394, Crawford, Hongkong.
,, 15, Oneida, 414, Creesy, Whampoa.
,, 15, Navigator, 416, Putnam, Hongkong.

Loading on the 24th July.—Anne Cropper, Jeremiah Garnett, Lord Hardinge, Old England, Panic, and Syria.

FROM SOUTHAMPTON.

April 22, Lady Malcolm, ——.

FROM CALCUTTA.

August —, Rob Roy, 250, Francis.

FROM MADRAS.

July 7, Samarang, Buckle.
August 3, Wellington, Vellacot.

FROM BOMBAY.

Loading for China 19th August.—Armide, Anna Eliza, Bella Marina, Black Friar, Bolton, Bucephalus, John Wickliffe, Nepaul, William Prowse, and Will O'the Wisp (Shanghai).

FROM MANILA.

September 9, Zenobia [Am.], 535, Kenny, Shanghai.

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