

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 370.

The following addition to the Register of Medical and Surgical Practitioners qualified to practise Medicine and Surgery in this Colony, pursuant to Ordinance 6 of 1884, as amended by Ordinance No. 4 of 1893, is published for general information.

By Command,

F. H. MAY,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 19th July, 1900.

PERSONS QUALIFIED TO PRACTISE MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

NAME.	ADDRESS.	NATURE OF QUALIFICATION.	DATE OF QUALIFICATION.
Gibson, Robert	Forest Lodge, Caine Road.	Bachelor of Medicine and Surgery of the University of Edinburgh.	1898.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 371.

Information has been received that the Japanese Authorities have decided that in future the provisions of Paragraph 1 of Article VI of the Japanese Medical Inspection Law shall not apply to vessels coming under Paragraph 2 or Paragraph 3 of Article IV of that Law, which have been subjected to disinfection at ports abroad, excepting in the case of plague, cholera or yellow fever, when an interval (reckoning from the time when such disinfection has been concluded) of fourteen days in the case of small-pox and of nine days in the case of scarlet fever or scarlatina shall have elapsed. Translation of the paragraphs of the Japanese Medical Inspection Law above referred to is subjoined.

By Command,

F. H. MAY,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 20th July, 1900.

Translation.

MEDICAL INSPECTION LAW OF MARITIME PORTS.

No. 19. February 13th, 1899.

ARTICLE IV. Vessels arriving from ports abroad or from Formosa at ports where medical inspection is in force, and which come under any one of the following paragraphs, shall hoist the Quarantine signal before entering port and keep it hoisted until they receive pratique:—

- (1.) Where a case of, or death from, infectious disease is actually found on board.
- (2.) Where a case of, or death from, infectious disease has occurred during the voyage.
- (3.) Where the vessel has come from a place where an infectious disease is prevalent or touched at such a place on its way, or has had communication with an infected vessel.

ARTICLE VI. Medical Inspection Officers may take the following action in dealing with the vessels referred to in Article I:—

- (1.) Where a case of, or death from, infectious disease is actually found on board, order the stoppage of the vessel for the period prescribed by regulation, direct the disposal of the patient or the corpse, carry out disinfection of the vessel and other objects; and further, if deemed necessary, cause the ship's passengers and crew to be removed to the Medical Inspection Station.
- (2.) Where a case of, or death from, infectious disease has occurred during the voyage, act according to the provisions of Paragraph (1) so far as applicable.
- (3.) Where a vessel has come from a place where an infectious disease is prevalent, or touched at such a place on its way, or where there is a fear of the vessel having been infected, action shall, if it be deemed necessary, be taken in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 1.